



11. $y(ax) - by(x) = 0, \quad a, b > 0.$

Solution:

$$y(x) = \Theta(\ln x)x^\lambda, \quad \lambda = \frac{\ln b}{\ln a},$$

where $\Theta(z) = \Theta(z + \ln a)$ is an arbitrary periodic function with period $\ln a$.

For $\Theta(z) \equiv \text{const}$, there is a particular solution $y(x) = Cx^\lambda$, where C is an arbitrary constant.

Reference

Polyanin, A. D. and Manzhirov, A. V., *Handbook of Integral Equations: Exact Solutions (Supplement. Some Functional Equations)* [in Russian], Faktorial, Moscow, 1998.