



28. $\int_a^x \sin(\lambda\sqrt{x-t})y(t) dt = f(x), \quad f(a) = 0.$

Solution: $y(x) = \frac{2}{\pi\lambda} \frac{d^2}{dx^2} \int_a^x \frac{\cosh(\lambda\sqrt{x-t})}{\sqrt{x-t}} f(t) dt.$

Reference

Polyanin, A. D. and Manzhirov, A. V., *Handbook of Integral Equations*, CRC Press, Boca Raton, 1998.