



1. $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + u \exp\left(k \frac{w}{u}\right) f(u), \quad \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + \exp\left(k \frac{w}{u}\right) [w f(u) + g(u)].$

Solution:

$$u = y(\xi), \quad w = -\frac{2}{k} \ln |bx| y(\xi) + z(\xi), \quad \xi = \frac{x + C_3}{\sqrt{C_1 t + C_2}},$$

where C_1, C_2, C_3 , and b are arbitrary constants, and the functions $y = y(\xi)$ and $z = z(\xi)$ are determined by the system of ordinary differential equations

$$\begin{aligned} a y''_{\xi\xi} + \frac{1}{2} C_1 \xi y'_\xi + \frac{1}{b^2 \xi^2} y \exp\left(k \frac{z}{y}\right) f(y) &= 0, \\ a z''_{\xi\xi} + \frac{1}{2} C_1 \xi z'_\xi - \frac{4a}{k\xi} y'_\xi + \frac{2a}{k\xi^2} y + \frac{1}{b^2 \xi^2} \exp\left(k \frac{z}{y}\right) [z f(y) + g(y)] &= 0. \end{aligned}$$

References

- Barannyk, T. A.**, Symmetry and exact solutions for systems of nonlinear reaction-diffusion equations, *Proc. of Inst. of Mathematics of NAS of Ukraine*, Vol. 43, Part 1, pp. 80–85, 2002.
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