

## **EqWorld**

$$\mathbf{11.} \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + u f\left(\frac{u}{w}\right) \ln u + u g\left(\frac{u}{w}\right), \quad \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + w f\left(\frac{u}{w}\right) \ln w + w h\left(\frac{u}{w}\right).$$

Solution:

$$u(x,t) = \varphi(t)\psi(t)\theta(x,t), \quad w(x,t) = \psi(t)\theta(x,t),$$

where the functions  $\varphi = \varphi(t)$  and  $\psi = \psi(t)$  are determined by solving the first-order ordinary differential equations

$$\varphi_t' = \varphi[g(\varphi) - h(\varphi) + f(\varphi) \ln \varphi], \tag{1}$$

$$\psi_t' = \psi[h(\varphi) + f(\varphi) \ln \psi], \tag{2}$$

and the function  $\theta = \theta(x, t)$  is determined by the differential equation

$$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 \theta}{\partial x^2} + f(\varphi)\theta \ln \theta. \tag{3}$$

The solution to the separable equation (1) can be represented in implicit form. Equation (2) is easy to integrate, since it is reduced, with the change of variable  $\psi = e^{\zeta}$ , to a linear equation. Equation (3) admits exact solutions of the form

$$\theta = \exp\left[\sigma_2(t)x^2 + \sigma_1(t)x + \sigma_0(t)\right],\,$$

where the functions  $\sigma_n(t)$  are determined by the equations

$$\sigma_2' = f(\varphi)\sigma_2 + 4a\sigma_2^2,$$

$$\sigma_1' = f(\varphi)\sigma_1 + 4a\sigma_1\sigma_2,$$

$$\sigma_0' = f(\varphi)\sigma_0 + a\sigma_1^2 + 2a\sigma_2.$$
(4)

This system can be integrated successively, since the first equation is a Bernoulli equation, and the second and the third ones are linear in the sought function. Note that the first equation has the particular solution  $\sigma_2 = 0$ .

Remark. Equation (1) admits a singular solution  $\varphi = k = \text{const}$ , where k is a root of the algebraic (transcendental) equation  $g(k) - h(k) + f(k) \ln k = 0$ .

## Reference

Polyanin, A. D., Exact solutions of nonlinear systems of reaction-diffusion equations and mathematical biology equations, *Theor. Found. Chem. Eng.*, Vol. 37, No. 6, 2004.

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