

CONTENTS

Preface to the new edition	xxvii
Preface to the first edition	xxviii
Authors	xxxi
Some notations and remarks	xxxiii
Part I. Exact Solutions of Nonlinear Partial Differential Equations	1
1. First-Order Quasilinear Equations	3
1.1. Equations with Two Independent Variables Containing Arbitrary Parameters ..	3
1.1.1. Coefficients of Equations Contain Power-Law Functions	3
1.1.2. Coefficients of Equations Contain Exponential Functions	11
1.1.3. Coefficients of Equations Contain Hyperbolic Functions	14
1.1.4. Coefficients of Equations Contain Logarithmic Functions	16
1.1.5. Coefficients of Equations Contain Trigonometric Functions	17
1.2. Equations with Two Independent Variables Containing Arbitrary Functions ...	19
1.2.1. Equations Contain Arbitrary Functions of One Variable	19
1.2.2. Equations Contain Arbitrary Functions of Two Variables	30
1.3. Other Quasilinear Equations	35
1.3.1. Equations with Three Independent Variables	35
1.3.2. Equations with Arbitrary Number of Independent Variables	39
2. First-Order Equations with Two Independent Variables Quadratic in Derivatives	43
2.1. Equations Containing Arbitrary Parameters	43
2.1.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} = f(x, y, w)$	43
2.1.2. Equations of the Form $f(x, y, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} + g(x, y, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} = h(x, y, w)$	45
2.1.3. Equations of the Form $f(x, y, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} + g(x, y, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + h(x, y, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} = s(x, y, w)$	47
2.1.4. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + f(x, y, w) \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}\right)^2 = g(x, y, w)$	51
2.1.5. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + f(x, y, w) \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right)^2 + g(x, y, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} = h(x, y, w)$	59
2.1.6. Equations of the Form $f(x, y, w) \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right)^2 + g(x, y, w) \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}\right)^2 = h(x, y, w)$.	63
2.1.7. Equations of the Form $f(x, y) \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right)^2 + g(x, y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} = h(x, y, w)$	69
2.1.8. Other Equations	73
2.2. Equations Containing Arbitrary Functions	77
2.2.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} = f(x, y, w)$	77
2.2.2. Equations of the Form $f(x, y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + g(x, y, w) \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}\right)^2 = h(x, y, w)$	79
2.2.3. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + f(x, y, w) \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right)^2 + g(x, y, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} = h(x, y, w)$	86
2.2.4. Equations of the Form $f(x, y, w) \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right)^2 + g(x, y, w) \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}\right)^2 = h(x, y, w)$.	89
2.2.5. Equations of the Form $\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right)^2 + f(x, y, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} = g(x, y, w)$	92
2.2.6. Other Equations	95

3. First-Order Nonlinear Equations with Two Independent Variables of General Form	99
3.1. Nonlinear Equations Containing Arbitrary Parameters	99
3.1.1. Equations Contain the Fourth Powers of Derivatives	99
3.1.2. Equations Contain Derivatives in Radicands	101
3.1.3. Equations Contain Arbitrary Powers of Derivatives	102
3.1.4. More Complicated Equations	105
3.2. Equations Containing Arbitrary Functions of Independent Variables	107
3.2.1. Equations Contain One Arbitrary Power of Derivative	107
3.2.2. Equations Contain Two or Three Arbitrary Powers of Derivatives	111
3.3. Equations Containing Arbitrary Functions of Derivatives	113
3.3.1. Equations Contain Arbitrary Functions of One Variable	113
3.3.2. Equations Contain Arbitrary Functions of Two Variables	116
3.3.3. Equations Contain Arbitrary Functions of Three Variables	120
3.3.4. Equations Contain Arbitrary Functions of Four Variables	123
4. First-Order Nonlinear Equations with Three or More Independent Variables	125
4.1. Nonlinear Equations with Three Variables Quadratic in Derivatives	125
4.1.1. Equations Contain Squares of One or Two Derivatives	125
4.1.2. Equations Contain Squares of Three Derivatives	130
4.1.3. Equations Contain Products of Derivatives with Respect to Different Variables	131
4.1.4. Equations Contain Squares and Products of Derivatives	133
4.2. Other Nonlinear Equations with Three Variables Containing Parameters	134
4.2.1. Equations Cubic in Derivatives	134
4.2.2. Equations Contain Roots and Moduli of Derivatives	136
4.2.3. Equations Contain Arbitrary Powers of Derivatives	136
4.3. Nonlinear Equations with Three Variables Containing Arbitrary Functions	139
4.3.1. Equations Quadratic in Derivatives	139
4.3.2. Equations with Power Nonlinearity in Derivatives	146
4.3.3. Equations with Arbitrary Dependence on Derivatives	148
4.3.4. Nonlinear Equations of General Form	150
4.4. Nonlinear Equations with Four Independent Variables	154
4.4.1. Equations Quadratic in Derivatives	154
4.4.2. Equations Contain Power-Law Functions of Derivatives	156
4.5. Nonlinear Equations with Arbitrary Number of Variables Containing Arbitrary Parameters	158
4.5.1. Equations Quadratic in Derivatives	158
4.5.2. Equations with Power-Law Nonlinearity in Derivatives	161
4.6. Nonlinear Equations with Arbitrary Number of Variables Containing Arbitrary Functions	162
4.6.1. Equations Quadratic in Derivatives	162
4.6.2. Equations with Power-Law Nonlinearity in Derivatives	167
4.6.3. Equations Contain Arbitrary Functions of Two Variables	168
4.6.4. Nonlinear Equations of General Form	169

5. Second-Order Parabolic Equations with One Space Variable	175
5.1. Equations with Power-Law Nonlinearities	175
5.1.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + bw + cw^2$	175
5.1.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + b_0 + b_1 w + b_2 w^2 + b_3 w^3$	176
5.1.3. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + bw^k + cw^m + sw^n$	182
5.1.4. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f(x, t, w)$	185
5.1.5. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + bw^k \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + f(w)$	186
5.1.6. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f(x, t, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + g(x, t, w)$	190
5.1.7. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + b \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right)^2 + f(x, t, w)$	193
5.1.8. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f \left(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right)$	195
5.1.9. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = aw^k \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f \left(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right)$	197
5.1.10. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(w^m \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right)$	210
5.1.11. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(w^m \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) + bw^k$	219
5.1.12. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(w^m \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) + bw + c_1 w^{k_1} + c_2 w^{k_2} + c_3 w^{k_3}$	228
5.1.13. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[f(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right] + g(w)$	233
5.1.14. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(w^m \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) + f(x, t, w)$	236
5.1.15. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[f(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right] + g(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}$	237
5.1.16. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[f(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right] + g \left(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right)$	242
5.1.17. Other Equations	245
5.2. Equations with Exponential Nonlinearities	254
5.2.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + b_0 + b_1 e^{\lambda w} + b_2 e^{2\lambda w}$	254
5.2.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(e^{\lambda w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) + f(w)$	256
5.2.3. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[f(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right] + g(w)$	259
5.2.4. Other Equations Explicitly Independent of x and t	262
5.2.5. Equations Explicitly Dependent on x and/or t	266
5.3. Equations with Hyperbolic Nonlinearities	268
5.3.1. Equations Involving Hyperbolic Cosine	268
5.3.2. Equations Involving Hyperbolic Sine	269
5.3.3. Equations Involving Hyperbolic Tangent	270
5.3.4. Equations Involving Hyperbolic Cotangent	270
5.4. Equations with Logarithmic Nonlinearities	271
5.4.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f(x, t, w)$	271
5.4.2. Other Equations	273
5.5. Equations with Trigonometric Nonlinearities	276
5.5.1. Equations Involving Cosine	276
5.5.2. Equations Involving Sine	277
5.5.3. Equations Involving Tangent	278
5.5.4. Equations Involving Cotangent	278
5.5.5. Equations Involving Inverse Trigonometric Functions	279
5.6. Equations Involving Arbitrary Functions	279
5.6.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f(x, t, w)$	279
5.6.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f(x, t) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + g(x, t, w)$	284

5.6.3. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f(x, t, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + g(x, t, w)$	286
5.6.4. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + b \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right)^2 + f(x, t, w)$	290
5.6.5. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + b \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right)^2 + f(x, t, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + g(x, t, w)$	293
5.6.6. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f(x, t, w) \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right)^2 + g(x, t, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + h(x, t, w)$	294
5.6.7. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x})$	298
5.6.8. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = f(x, t) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + g(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x})$	299
5.6.9. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = aw \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f(x, t, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + g(x, t, w)$	303
5.6.10. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = (aw + b) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f(x, t, w) \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right)^2 + g(x, t, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + h(x, t, w)$	306
5.6.11. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = aw^m \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f(x, t) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + g(x, t, w)$	308
5.6.12. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(w \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) + f(x, t) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + g(x, t, w)$	311
5.6.13. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(w^m \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) + f(x, t) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + g(x, t, w)$	312
5.6.14. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(e^{\lambda w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) + f(x, t, w)$	316
5.6.15. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[f(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right] + g(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x})$	318
5.6.16. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = f(x, w) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2}$	327
5.6.17. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = f(x, t, w) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + g(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x})$	329
5.6.18. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = f(x, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + g(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x})$	339
5.6.19. Evolution Equations Nonlinear in the Second Derivative	346
5.6.20. Nonlinear Equations of the Thermal (Diffusion) Boundary Layer	346
5.7. Nonlinear Schrödinger Equations and Related Equations	348
5.7.1. Equations of the Form $i \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f(w)w = 0$ Involving Arbitrary Parameters	348
5.7.2. Equations of the Form $i \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{x^n} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(x^n \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) + f(w)w = 0$ Involving Arbitrary Parameters	352
5.7.3. Other Equations Involving Arbitrary Parameters	354
5.7.4. Equations with Cubic Nonlinearities Involving Arbitrary Functions	355
5.7.5. Equations of General Form Involving Arbitrary Functions of a Single Argument	358
5.7.6. Equations of General Form Involving Arbitrary Functions of Two Arguments	362
6. Second-Order Parabolic Equations with Two or More Space Variables	367
6.1. Equations with Two Space Variables Involving Power-Law Nonlinearities	367
6.1.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[f(x) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left[g(y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \right] + aw^p$	367
6.1.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(w^n \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) + b \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(w^k \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \right)$	368
6.1.3. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[f(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left[g(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \right] + h(w)$	374
6.1.4. Other Equations	377
6.2. Equations with Two Space Variables Involving Exponential Nonlinearities	384
6.2.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[f(x) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left[g(y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \right] + ae^{\lambda w}$	384
6.2.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(e^{\beta w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) + b \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(e^{\lambda w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \right) + f(w)$	385

6.3. Other Equations with Two Space Variables Involving Arbitrary Parameters	388
6.3.1. Equations with Logarithmic Nonlinearities	388
6.3.2. Equations with Trigonometrical Nonlinearities	389
6.4. Equations Involving Arbitrary Functions	390
6.4.1. Heat and Mass Transfer Equations in Quiescent or Moving Media with Chemical Reactions	390
6.4.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f(x) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [g(y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] + h(w)$	392
6.4.3. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [g(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] + h(t, w)$	394
6.4.4. Other Equations Linear in the Highest Derivatives	398
6.4.5. Nonlinear Diffusion Boundary Layer Equations	402
6.4.6. Equations Nonlinear in the Highest Derivatives	404
6.5. Equations with Three or More Space Variables	406
6.5.1. Equations of Mass Transfer in Quiescent or Moving Media with Chemical Reactions	406
6.5.2. Heat Equations with Power-Law or Exponential Temperature-Dependent Thermal Diffusivity	409
6.5.3. Equations of Heat and Mass Transfer in Anisotropic Media	412
6.5.4. Other Equations with Three Space Variables	414
6.5.5. Equations with n Space Variables	417
6.6. Nonlinear Schrödinger Equations	425
6.6.1. Two-Dimensional Equations	425
6.6.2. Three and n -Dimensional Equations	428
7. Second-Order Hyperbolic Equations with One Space Variable	433
7.1. Equations with Power-Law Nonlinearities	433
7.1.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + aw + bw^n + cw^{2n-1}$	433
7.1.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f(x, t, w)$	436
7.1.3. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x})$	439
7.1.4. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = f(x) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + g(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x})$	442
7.1.5. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = aw^n \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f(x, w)$	447
7.1.6. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = a \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (w^n \frac{\partial w}{\partial x})$	450
7.1.7. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = a \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (w^n \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}) + bw^k$	454
7.1.8. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = a \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (w^n \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}) + b_1 w^{k_1} + b_2 w^{k_2} + b_3 w^{k_3}$	458
7.1.9. Other Equations	460
7.2. Equations with Exponential Nonlinearities	469
7.2.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + be^{\beta w} + ce^{\gamma w}$	469
7.2.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f(x, t, w)$	472
7.2.3. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = f(x) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + g(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x})$	475
7.2.4. Other Equations	480
7.3. Other Equations Involving Arbitrary Parameters	485
7.3.1. Equations with Hyperbolic Nonlinearities	485
7.3.2. Equations with Logarithmic Nonlinearities	486
7.3.3. Sine-Gordon Equation and Other Equations with Trigonometric Nonlinearities	490
7.3.4. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} + a \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}]$	494
7.3.5. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} + f(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [g(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}]$	496

7.4. Equations Involving Arbitrary Functions	499
7.4.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f(x, t, w)$	499
7.4.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + f(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x})$	505
7.4.3. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = f(x) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + g(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x})$	511
7.4.4. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = f(w) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + g(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x})$	517
7.4.5. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = f(x, w) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + g(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x})$	526
7.4.6. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = f(t, w) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + g(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x})$	529
7.4.7. Other Equations Linear in the Highest Derivatives	530
7.5. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x \partial y} = F(x, y, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial w}{\partial y})$	540
7.5.1. Equations Involving Arbitrary Parameters of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x \partial y} = f(w)$	540
7.5.2. Other Equations Involving Arbitrary Parameters	544
7.5.3. Equations Involving Arbitrary Functions	546
8. Second-Order Hyperbolic Equations with Two or More Space Variables ...	553
8.1. Equations with Two Space Variables Involving Power-Law Nonlinearities	553
8.1.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f(x) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [g(y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] + aw^p$	553
8.1.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = a \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (w^n \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}) + b \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (w^k \frac{\partial w}{\partial y})$	555
8.1.3. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [g(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}]$	565
8.1.4. Other Equations	570
8.2. Equations with Two Space Variables Involving Exponential Nonlinearities	574
8.2.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f(x) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [g(y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] + ae^{\lambda w}$	574
8.2.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = a \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (e^{\beta w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}) + b \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (e^{\lambda w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial y})$	577
8.2.3. Other Equations	582
8.3. Nonlinear Telegraph Equations with Two Space Variables	583
8.3.1. Equations Involving Power-Law Nonlinearities	583
8.3.2. Equations Involving Exponential Nonlinearities	587
8.4. Equations with Two Space Variables Involving Arbitrary Functions	589
8.4.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f(x) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [g(y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] + h(w)$	589
8.4.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [g(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] + h(w)$	593
8.4.3. Other Equations	599
8.5. Equations with Three Space Variables Involving Arbitrary Parameters	604
8.5.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f(x) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [g(y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} [h(z) \frac{\partial w}{\partial z}] + aw^p$	604
8.5.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f(x) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [g(y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} [h(z) \frac{\partial w}{\partial z}] + ae^{\lambda w}$	606
8.5.3. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = a \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (w^n \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}) + b \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (w^m \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}) + c \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (w^k \frac{\partial w}{\partial z}) + sw^p$	608
8.5.4. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = a \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (e^{\lambda_1 w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}) + b \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (e^{\lambda_2 w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}) + c \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (e^{\lambda_3 w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial z}) + se^{\beta w}$	615
8.6. Equations with Three or More Space Variables Involving Arbitrary Functions ..	624
8.6.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f_1(x) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [f_2(y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} [f_3(z) \frac{\partial w}{\partial z}] + g(w)$	624

8.6.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f_1(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [f_2(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} [f_3(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial z}] + g(w)$	629
8.6.3. Other Equations	637
9. Second-Order Elliptic Equations with Two Space Variables	641
9.1. Equations with Power-Law Nonlinearities	641
9.1.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} = aw + bw^n + cw^{2n-1}$	641
9.1.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} = f(x, y, w)$	644
9.1.3. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} = F(x, y, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial w}{\partial y})$	645
9.1.4. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f_1(x, y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [f_2(x, y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] = g(w)$	646
9.1.5. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f_1(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [f_2(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] = g(w)$	648
9.1.6. Other Equations Involving Arbitrary Parameters	654
9.2. Equations with Exponential Nonlinearities	662
9.2.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} = a + be^{\beta w} + ce^{\gamma w}$	662
9.2.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} = f(x, y, w)$	664
9.2.3. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f_1(x, y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [f_2(x, y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] = g(w)$	665
9.2.4. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f_1(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [f_2(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] = g(w)$	668
9.2.5. Other Equations Involving Arbitrary Parameters	671
9.3. Equations Involving Other Nonlinearities	675
9.3.1. Equations with Hyperbolic Nonlinearities	675
9.3.2. Equations with Logarithmic Nonlinearities	677
9.3.3. Equations with Trigonometric Nonlinearities	680
9.4. Equations Involving Arbitrary Functions	682
9.4.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} = F(x, y, w)$	682
9.4.2. Equations of the Form $a \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + b \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} = F(x, y, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial w}{\partial y})$	690
9.4.3. Heat and Mass Transfer Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f(x) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [g(y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] = h(w)$	697
9.4.4. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f(x, y, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [g(x, y, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] = h(x, y, w)$	699
9.4.5. Other Equations	707
10. Second-Order Elliptic Equations with Three or More Space Variables	713
10.1. Equations with Three Space Variables Involving Power-Law Nonlinearities ..	713
10.1.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f(x) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [g(y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} [h(z) \frac{\partial w}{\partial z}] = aw^p$..	713
10.1.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [g(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} [h(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial z}] = 0$..	716
10.2. Equations with Three Space Variables Involving Exponential Nonlinearities ..	722
10.2.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f(x) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [g(y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} [h(z) \frac{\partial w}{\partial z}] = ae^{\lambda w}$..	722
10.2.2. Equations of the Form $a_1 \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (e^{\lambda_1 w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}) + a_2 \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (e^{\lambda_2 w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}) + a_3 \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (e^{\lambda_3 w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial z}) = be^{\beta w}$	725
10.3. Three-Dimensional Equations Involving Arbitrary Functions	730
10.3.1. Heat and Mass Transfer Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f_1(x) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [f_2(y) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} [f_3(z) \frac{\partial w}{\partial z}] = g(w)$	730
10.3.2. Heat and Mass Transfer Equations with Complicating Factors	734

10.3.3. Other Equations	737
10.4. Equations with n Independent Variables	739
10.4.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} [f_1(x_1) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_1}] + \dots + \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} [f_n(x_n) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x_n}] = g(x_1, \dots, x_n, w)$	739
10.4.2. Other Equations	742
11. Second-Order Equations Involving Mixed Derivatives and Some Other Equations	745
11.1. Equations Linear in the Mixed Derivative	745
11.1.1. Calogero Equation and Related Equations	745
11.1.2. Khokhlov–Zabolotskaya and Related Equations	749
11.1.3. Equation of Unsteady Transonic Gas Flows	756
11.1.4. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x \partial y} - \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} = F(x, y, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial w}{\partial y})$	760
11.1.5. Other Equations with Two Independent Variables	762
11.1.6. Other Equations with Three and More Independent Variables	770
11.2. Equations Quadratic in the Highest Derivatives	772
11.2.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} = F(x, y)$	772
11.2.2. Monge–Ampère Equation $(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x \partial y})^2 - \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} = F(x, y)$	774
11.2.3. Equations of the Form $(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x \partial y})^2 - \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} = F(x, y, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial w}{\partial y})$	787
11.2.4. Equations of the Form $(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x \partial y})^2 = f(x, y) \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} + g(x, y)$	794
11.2.5. Other Equations with Two Independent Variables	798
11.2.6. Plebański Heavenly Equations	802
11.3. Bellman Type Equations and Related Equations	805
11.3.1. Equations with Quadratic Nonlinearities	805
11.3.2. Equations with Power-Law Nonlinearities	808
12. Second-Order Equations of General Form	811
12.1. Equations Involving the First Derivative in t	811
12.1.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = F(w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2})$	811
12.1.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = F(t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2})$	820
12.1.3. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = F(x, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2})$	825
12.1.4. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = F(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2})$	830
12.1.5. Equations of the Form $F(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial t}, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2}) = 0$	836
12.1.6. Equations with Three Independent Variables	838
12.2. Equations Involving Two or More Second Derivatives	839
12.2.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = F(w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2})$	839
12.2.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = F(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial w}{\partial t}, \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2})$	843
12.2.3. Equations Linear in the Mixed Derivative	847
12.2.4. Equations with Two Independent Variables, Nonlinear in Two or More Highest Derivatives	849
12.2.5. Equations with n Independent Variables	853

13. Third-Order Equations	857
13.1. Equations Involving the First Derivative in t	857
13.1.1. Korteweg–de Vries Equation $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} + a \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x^3} + bw \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} = 0$	857
13.1.2. Cylindrical, Spherical, and Modified Korteweg–de Vries Equations ..	866
13.1.3. Generalized Korteweg–de Vries Equation $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} + a \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x^3} + f(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} = 0$..	871
13.1.4. Equations Reducible to the Korteweg–de Vries Equation	875
13.1.5. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} + a \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x^3} + F\left(w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right) = 0$	879
13.1.6. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} + a \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x^3} + F\left(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right) = 0$	882
13.1.7. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = F\left(x, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2}, \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x^3}\right)$	884
13.2. Equations Involving the Second Derivative in t	896
13.2.1. Equations with Quadratic Nonlinearities	896
13.2.2. Other Equations	900
13.3. Hydrodynamic Boundary Layer Equations	903
13.3.1. Steady Hydrodynamic Boundary Layer Equations for a Newtonian Fluid	903
13.3.2. Steady Boundary Layer Equations for Non-Newtonian Fluids	911
13.3.3. Unsteady Boundary Layer Equations for a Newtonian Fluid	917
13.3.4. Unsteady Boundary Layer Equations for Non-Newtonian Fluids	930
13.3.5. Related Equations	935
13.4. Equations of Motion of Ideal Fluid (Euler Equations)	938
13.4.1. Stationary Equations	938
13.4.2. Nonstationary Equations	942
13.5. Other Third-Order Nonlinear Equations	949
13.5.1. Equations Involving Second-Order Mixed Derivatives	949
13.5.2. Equations Involving Third-Order Mixed Derivatives	958
13.5.3. Other Equations	973
14. Fourth-Order Equations	977
14.1. Equations Involving the First Derivative in t	977
14.1.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial x^4} + F\left(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right)$	977
14.1.2. Other Equations	982
14.2. Equations Involving the Second Derivative in t	987
14.2.1. Boussinesq Equation and Its Modifications	987
14.2.2. Other Equations with Quadratic Nonlinearities	993
14.2.3. Other Equations	998
14.3. Equations Involving Mixed Derivatives	1000
14.3.1. Kadomtsev–Petviashvili Equation and Related Equations	1000
14.3.2. Stationary Hydrodynamic Equations (Navier–Stokes Equations)	1003
14.3.3. Nonstationary Hydrodynamic Equations (Navier–Stokes Equations) ..	1013
14.3.4. Other Equations	1028
15. Equations of Higher Orders	1031
15.1. Equations Involving the First Derivative in t and Linear in the Highest Derivative	1031
15.1.1. Fifth-Order Equations	1031
15.1.2. Some Equations with Sixth- to Ninth-Order	1039
15.1.3. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^n w}{\partial x^n} + f(x, t, w)$	1043
15.1.4. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^n w}{\partial x^n} + f(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}$	1044

15.1.5. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^n w}{\partial x^n} + f(x, t, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + g(x, t, w)$	1047
15.1.6. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^n w}{\partial x^n} + F(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x})$	1051
15.1.7. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^n w}{\partial x^n} + F(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \dots, \frac{\partial^{n-1} w}{\partial x^{n-1}})$	1057
15.1.8. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = aw \frac{\partial^n w}{\partial x^n} + f(x, t, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + g(x, t, w)$	1059
15.1.9. Other Equations Involving Arbitrary Parameters and/or Arbitrary Functions	1062
15.1.10. Nonlinear Equations Involving Arbitrary Linear Differential Operators	1065
15.1.11. Equations of the Burgers and the Korteweg–de Vries Hierarchies and Related Equations	1067
15.2. General Form Equations Involving the First Derivative in t	1070
15.2.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = F(w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \dots, \frac{\partial^n w}{\partial x^n})$	1070
15.2.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = F(t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \dots, \frac{\partial^n w}{\partial x^n})$	1077
15.2.3. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = F(x, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \dots, \frac{\partial^n w}{\partial x^n})$	1079
15.2.4. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = F(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \dots, \frac{\partial^n w}{\partial x^n})$	1084
15.3. Equations Involving the Second Derivative in t	1088
15.3.1. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = a \frac{\partial^n w}{\partial x^n} + f(x, t, w)$	1088
15.3.2. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = a \frac{\partial^n w}{\partial x^n} + F(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x})$	1089
15.3.3. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = a \frac{\partial^n w}{\partial x^n} + F(x, t, w, \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}, \dots, \frac{\partial^{n-1} w}{\partial x^{n-1}})$	1094
15.3.4. Equations of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = aw \frac{\partial^n w}{\partial x^n} + f(x, t, w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + g(x, t, w)$	1098
15.3.5. Other Equations Involving Arbitrary Functions	1099
15.3.6. Equations Involving Arbitrary Differential Operators	1101
15.4. Other Equations	1103
15.4.1. Equations Involving Mixed Derivatives	1103
15.4.2. Equations Involving $\frac{\partial^n w}{\partial x^n}$ and $\frac{\partial^m w}{\partial y^m}$	1110
16. Systems of Two First-Order Partial Differential Equations	1115
16.1. Systems of the Form $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = F(u, w), \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = G(u, w)$	1115
16.1.1. Systems Involving Arbitrary Parameters	1115
16.1.2. Systems Involving Arbitrary Functions	1117
16.2. Other Systems of Two Equations	1122
16.2.1. Gas Dynamic Type Systems Linearizable with the Hodograph Transformation	1122
16.2.2. Other Systems of Equations	1130
17. Systems of Two Parabolic Equations	1133
17.1. Systems of the Form $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + F(u, w), \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = b \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + G(u, w)$	1133
17.1.1. Arbitrary Functions Depend on a Linear Combination of the Unknowns	1133
17.1.2. Arbitrary Functions Depend on the Ratio of the Unknowns	1137
17.1.3. Arbitrary Functions Depend on the Product of Powers of the Unknowns	1145
17.1.4. Arbitrary Functions Depend on Sum or Difference of Squares of the Unknowns	1146
17.1.5. Arbitrary Functions Depend on the Unknowns in a Complex Way ...	1148
17.1.6. Some Systems Depending on Arbitrary Parameters	1150

17.2. Systems of the Form $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{a}{x^n} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x^n \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}) + F(u, w)$, $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = \frac{b}{x^n} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x^n \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}) + G(u, w)$	1156
17.2.1. Arbitrary Functions Depend on a Linear Combination of the Unknowns	1157
17.2.2. Arbitrary Functions Depend on the Ratio of the Unknowns	1159
17.2.3. Arbitrary Functions Depend on the Product of Powers of the Unknowns	1162
17.2.4. Arbitrary Functions Depend on Sum or Difference of Squares of the Unknowns	1163
17.2.5. Arbitrary Functions Have Different Arguments	1164
17.3. Other Systems of Two Parabolic Equations	1165
17.3.1. Second-Order Equations Involving Real Functions of Real Variables .	1165
17.3.2. Second-Order Nonlinear Equations of Laser Systems	1170
17.3.3. Systems Involving Third-Order Evolution Equations	1172
18. Systems of Two Second-Order Klein–Gordon Type Hyperbolic Equations .	1173
18.1. Systems of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = a \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + F(u, w)$, $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = b \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + G(u, w)$	1173
18.1.1. Arbitrary Functions Depend on a Linear Combination of the Unknowns	1173
18.1.2. Arbitrary Functions Depend on the Ratio of the Unknowns	1175
18.1.3. Other Systems	1177
18.2. Systems of the Form $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = \frac{a}{x^n} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x^n \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}) + F(u, w)$, $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} = \frac{b}{x^n} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x^n \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}) + G(u, w)$	1178
18.2.1. Arbitrary Functions Depend on a Linear Combination of the Unknowns	1178
18.2.2. Arbitrary Functions Depend on the Ratio of the Unknowns	1181
18.2.3. Other Systems	1183
19. Systems of Two Elliptic Equations	1185
19.1. Systems of the Form $\Delta u = F(u, w)$, $\Delta w = G(u, w)$	1185
19.1.1. Arbitrary Functions Depend on a Linear Combination of the Unknowns	1185
19.1.2. Arbitrary Functions Depend on the Ratio of the Unknowns	1187
19.1.3. Other Systems	1189
19.2. Other Systems of Two Second-Order Elliptic Equations	1191
19.3. Von Kármán Equations (Fourth-Order Elliptic Equations)	1192
20. First-Order Hydrodynamic and Other Systems Involving Three or More Equations	1197
20.1. Equations of Motion of Ideal Fluid (Euler Equations)	1197
20.1.1. Euler Equations in Various Coordinate Systems	1197
20.1.2. Two-Dimensional Euler Equations for Incompressible Ideal Fluid (Plane Flows)	1198
20.1.3. Other Solutions with Two Nonzero Components of the Fluid Velocity	1199
20.1.4. Rotationally Symmetric Motions of Fluid	1200
20.1.5. Euler Equations for Barotropic Gas Flow	1201
20.2. Adiabatic Gas Flow	1204
20.2.1. Preliminary Remarks	1204
20.2.2. One-Dimensional Case	1205
20.2.3. Two-Dimensional Case	1215
20.2.4. Three-Dimensional Case	1219

20.3. Systems Describing Fluid Flows in the Atmosphere, Seas, and Oceans	1223
20.3.1. Equations of Breezes and Monsoons	1223
20.3.2. Equations of Atmospheric Circulation in the Equatorial Region	1225
20.3.3. Equations of Dynamic Convection in the Sea	1227
20.3.4. Equations of Flows in the Baroclinic Layer of the Ocean	1229
20.4. Chromatography Equations	1231
20.4.1. Langmuir Isotherm	1231
20.4.2. Generalized Langmuir Isotherm	1233
20.4.3. Power Isotherm	1234
20.4.4. Exponential Isotherm	1235
20.5. Other Hydrodynamic-Type Systems	1236
20.5.1. Hydrodynamic-Type Systems of Diagonal Form	1236
20.5.2. Hydrodynamic-Type Systems of Nondiagonal Form	1236
20.6. Ideal Plasticity with the von Mises Yield Criterion	1238
20.6.1. Two-Dimensional Equations. Plane Case	1238
20.6.2. Axisymmetric Case	1239
20.6.3. Three-Dimensional Equations. Steady-State Case	1240
20.6.4. Dynamic Case. Two-Dimensional Equations	1244
21. Navier–Stokes and Related Equations	1247
21.1. Navier–Stokes Equations	1247
21.1.1. Navier–Stokes Equations in Various Coordinate Systems	1247
21.1.2. General Properties of the Navier–Stokes Equations	1249
21.2. Solutions with One Nonzero Component of the Fluid Velocity	1251
21.2.1. Unidirectional Plane Flows	1251
21.2.2. Unidirectional Flows in Tubes of Various Cross-Sections. External Flow Around a Cylinder	1253
21.2.3. One-Dimensional Rotation Fluid Flows	1257
21.2.4. Purely Radial Fluid Motions	1260
21.3. Solutions with Two Nonzero Components of the Fluid Velocity	1263
21.3.1. Two-Dimensional Solutions in the Rectangular Cartesian Coordinates (Plane Flows)	1263
21.3.2. Two-Dimensional Solutions in the Cylindrical Coordinates (Plane Flows)	1270
21.3.3. Axisymmetric Fluid Flows	1274
21.3.4. Other Fluid Flows with Two-Nonzero Velocity Components	1282
21.4. Solutions with Three Nonzero Fluid Velocity Components Dependent on Two Space Variables	1285
21.4.1. Quasi-plane Flows (with the Fluid Velocity Components Independent of z)	1285
21.4.2. Cylindrical and Conical Vortex Flows. Von Kármán-Type Rotationally Symmetric Motions	1290
21.4.3. Rotationally Symmetric Motions of General Form	1297
21.5. Solutions with Three Nonzero Fluid Velocity Components Dependent on Three Space Variables	1302
21.5.1. Three-Dimensional Stagnation-Point Type Flows	1302
21.5.2. Solutions with Linear Dependence of the Velocity Components on Two Space Variables. Axial Flows	1303
21.5.3. Solutions with Linear Dependence of the Velocity Components on Two Space Variables. General Analysis	1317

21.5.4. Solutions with the Linear Dependence of the Velocity Components on One Space Variable	1323
21.5.5. Other Three-Dimensional Solutions	1327
21.6. Convective Fluid Motions	1329
21.6.1. Equations for Convective Fluid Motions	1329
21.6.2. Steady-State Solutions	1329
21.6.3. Unsteady Solutions	1331
21.7. Boundary Layer Equations (Prandtl Equations)	1333
21.7.1. Equations and Boundary Conditions. Stream Function	1333
21.7.2. Self-Similar Solutions of Some Boundary Layer Problems	1333
21.7.3. Other Solutions of the Boundary Layer Equations	1336
22. Systems of General Form	1337
22.1. Nonlinear Systems of Two Equations Involving the First Derivatives with Respect to t	1337
22.2. Nonlinear Systems of Two Equations Involving the Second Derivatives with Respect to t	1344
22.3. Other Nonlinear Systems of Two Equations	1347
22.4. Nonlinear Systems of Many Equations Involving the First Derivatives with Respect to t	1348
Part II. Exact Methods for Nonlinear Partial Differential Equations	1353
23. Methods for Solving First-Order Quasilinear Equations	1355
23.1. Characteristic System. General Solution	1355
23.1.1. Equations with Two Independent Variables. General Solution	1355
23.1.2. Quasilinear Equations with n Independent Variables	1356
23.2. Cauchy Problem. Existence and Uniqueness Theorem	1357
23.2.1. Cauchy Problem	1357
23.2.2. Procedure of Solving the Cauchy Problem	1358
23.2.3. Existence and Uniqueness Theorem	1359
23.3. Qualitative Features and Discontinuous Solutions of Quasilinear Equations ..	1360
23.3.1. Model Equation of Gas Dynamics	1360
23.3.2. Solution of the Cauchy Problem. Rarefaction Wave. Wave "Overturn" ..	1360
23.3.3. Shock Waves. Jump Conditions	1362
23.3.4. Utilization of Integral Relations for Determining Generalized Solutions	1364
23.3.5. Conservation Laws. Viscosity Solutions	1365
23.3.6. Hopf's Formula for the Generalized Solution	1366
23.3.7. Problem of Propagation of a Signal	1367
23.4. Quasilinear Equations of General Form	1368
23.4.1. Quasilinear Equations in Conservative Form	1368
23.4.2. Generalized Solution. Jump Condition and Stability Condition	1369
23.4.3. Method for Constructing Stable Generalized Solutions	1370

24. Methods for Solving First-Order Nonlinear Equations	1373
24.1. Solution Methods	1373
24.1.1. Complete, General, and Singular Integrals	1373
24.1.2. Method of Separation of Variables. Equations of Special Form	1374
24.1.3. Lagrange–Charpit Method	1376
24.1.4. Construction of a Complete Integral with the Aid of Two First Integrals	1377
24.1.5. Case where the Equation Does Not Depend on w Explicitly	1378
24.1.6. Hamilton–Jacobi Equation	1379
24.2. Cauchy Problem. Existence and Uniqueness Theorem	1379
24.2.1. Statement of the Problem. Solution Procedure	1379
24.2.2. Existence and Uniqueness Theorem	1380
24.2.3. Cauchy Problem for the Hamilton–Jacobi Equation	1380
24.2.4. Examples of Solving the Cauchy Problem	1381
24.3. Generalized Viscosity Solutions and Their Applications	1382
24.3.1. Preliminary Remarks	1382
24.3.2. Viscosity Solutions Based on the Use of a Parabolic Equation	1382
24.3.3. Viscosity Solutions Based on Test Functions and Differential Inequalities	1383
24.3.4. Local Structure of Generalized Viscosity Solutions	1383
24.3.5. Generalized Classical Method of Characteristics	1385
24.3.6. Examples of Viscosity (Nonsmooth) Solutions	1386
25. Classification of Second-Order Nonlinear Equations	1389
25.1. Semilinear Equations in Two Independent Variables	1389
25.1.1. Types of Equations. Characteristic Equation	1389
25.1.2. Canonical Form of Parabolic Equations (Case $b^2 - ac = 0$)	1390
25.1.3. Canonical Form of Hyperbolic Equations (Case $b^2 - ac > 0$)	1390
25.1.4. Canonical Form of Elliptic Equations (Case $b^2 - ac < 0$)	1392
25.2. Nonlinear Equations in Two Independent Variables	1392
25.2.1. Nonlinear Equations of General Form	1392
25.2.2. Quasilinear Equations	1393
26. Transformations of Equations of Mathematical Physics	1395
26.1. Point Transformations: Overview and Examples	1395
26.1.1. General Form of Point Transformations	1395
26.1.2. Linear Transformations	1396
26.1.3. Simple Nonlinear Point Transformations	1396
26.2. Hodograph Transformations (Special Point Transformations)	1397
26.2.1. One PDE: One of the Independent Variables Is Taken to Be the Dependent One	1397
26.2.2. One PDE: Method of Conversion to an Equivalent System of Equations	1398
26.2.3. System of Two PDEs: One of the Independent Variables Is Taken to Be the Dependent One	1402
26.2.4. System of Two PDEs: Both of the Independent Variables Are Taken to Be the Dependent Ones	1402
26.3. Contact Transformations. Legendre and Euler Transformations	1403
26.3.1. Preliminary Remarks. Contact Transformations for Ordinary Differential Equations	1403
26.3.2. General Form of Contact Transformations for Partial Differential Equations	1405

26.3.3. Legendre Transformation	1406
26.3.4. Euler Transformation	1407
26.3.5. Legendre Transformation with Many Variables	1408
26.4. Differential Substitutions. Von Mises Transformation	1409
26.4.1. Differential Substitutions	1409
26.4.2. Von Mises Transformation	1410
26.5. Bäcklund Transformations. RF Pairs	1413
26.5.1. Bäcklund Transformations for Second-Order Equations	1413
26.5.2. RF Pairs and Their Use for Constructing Bäcklund Transformations ..	1415
26.6. Some Other Transformations	1422
26.6.1. Crocco Transformation. Order Reduction of Hydrodynamic Type Equations	1422
26.6.2. Transformations Based on Conservation Laws	1425
27. Traveling-Wave Solutions and Self-Similar Solutions	1429
27.1. Preliminary Remarks	1429
27.2. Traveling-Wave Solutions. Invariance of Equations under Translations	1429
27.2.1. General Form of Traveling-Wave Solutions	1429
27.2.2. Invariance of Solutions and Equations under Translation Transfor- mations	1430
27.2.3. Functional Equation Describing Traveling-Wave Solutions	1431
27.3. Self-Similar Solutions. Invariance of Equations Under Scaling Transformations	1431
27.3.1. General Form of Self-Similar Solutions. Similarity Method	1431
27.3.2. Examples of Self-Similar Solutions to Mathematical Physics Equations	1432
27.3.3. More General Approach Based on Solving a Functional Equation. Some Remarks	1434
27.3.4. Generalized Self-Similar Solutions	1436
28. Elementary Theory of Using Invariants for Solving Equations	1439
28.1. Introduction. Symmetries. General Scheme of Using Invariants for Solving Mathematical Equations	1439
28.1.1. Symmetries. Transformations Preserving the Form of Equations. Invariants	1439
28.1.2. General Scheme of Using Invariants for Solving Mathematical Equations	1440
28.2. Algebraic Equations and Systems of Equations	1441
28.2.1. Algebraic Equations with Even Powers	1441
28.2.2. Reciprocal Equations	1442
28.2.3. Systems of Algebraic Equations Symmetric with Respect to Permutation of Arguments	1444
28.3. Ordinary Differential Equations	1445
28.3.1. Transformations Preserving the Form of Equations. Invariants	1445
28.3.2. Order Reduction Procedure for Equations with $n \geq 2$ (Reduction to Solvable Form with $n = 1$)	1446
28.3.3. Simple Transformations. Invariant Determination Procedure	1446
28.3.4. Analysis of Some Ordinary Differential Equations. Useful Remarks ..	1447

28.4. Partial Differential Equations	1450
28.4.1. Transformations Preserving the Form of Equations. Invariants	1450
28.4.2. Procedure for Constructing Exact Solutions	1450
28.4.3. Examples of Constructing Invariant Solutions to Nonlinear Partial Differential Equations	1451
28.4.4. Simple Inverse Problems (Determination of the Form of Equations from Their Properties)	1455
28.5. General Conclusions and Remarks	1457
29. Method of Generalized Separation of Variables	1459
29.1. Exact Solutions with Simple Separation of Variables	1459
29.1.1. Multiplicative and Additive Separable Solutions	1459
29.1.2. Simple Separation of Variables in Nonlinear Partial Differential Equations	1459
29.1.3. Complex Separation of Variables in Nonlinear Partial Differential Equations	1462
29.2. Structure of Generalized Separable Solutions	1464
29.2.1. General Form of Solutions. Classes of Nonlinear Equations Considered	1464
29.2.2. General Form of Functional Differential Equations	1464
29.3. Simplified Scheme for Constructing Generalized Separable Solutions	1465
29.3.1. Description of the Simplified Scheme for Constructing Solutions Based on Presetting One System of Coordinate Functions	1465
29.3.2. Examples of Finding Exact Solutions of Second- and Third-Order Equations	1465
29.4. Solution of Functional Differential Equations by Differentiation	1467
29.4.1. Description of the Method	1467
29.4.2. Examples of Constructing Exact Generalized Separable Solutions ...	1467
29.5. Solution of Functional-Differential Equations by Splitting	1471
29.5.1. Preliminary Remarks. Description of the Method	1471
29.5.2. Solutions of Simple Functional Equations and Their Application ...	1472
29.6. Titov–Galaktionov Method	1477
29.6.1. Method Description. Linear Subspaces Invariant under a Nonlinear Operator	1477
29.6.2. Some Generalizations	1479
29.6.3. Finding Linear Subspaces Invariant Under a Given Nonlinear Operator	1480
29.6.4. Generalizations to Pseudo-Differential Equations	1483
30. Method of Functional Separation of Variables	1487
30.1. Structure of Functional Separable Solutions. Solution by Reduction to Equations with Quadratic Nonlinearities	1487
30.1.1. Structure of Functional Separable Solutions	1487
30.1.2. Solution by Reduction to Equations with Quadratic (or Power) Nonlinearities	1487
30.2. Special Functional Separable Solutions. Generalized Traveling-Wave Solutions	1487
30.2.1. Special Functional Separable and Generalized Traveling-Wave Solutions	1487
30.2.2. General Scheme for Constructing Generalized Traveling-Wave Solutions	1489

30.3. Differentiation Method	1492
30.3.1. Basic Ideas of the Method. Reduction to a Standard Equation	1492
30.3.2. Examples of Constructing Functional Separable Solutions	1492
30.4. Splitting Method. Solutions of Some Nonlinear Functional Equations and Their Applications	1496
30.4.1. Splitting Method. Reduction to a Standard Functional Equation	1496
30.4.2. Three-Argument Functional Equations of Special Form	1497
30.4.3. Functional Equation $f(t) + g(x) = Q(z)$, with $z = \varphi(x) + \psi(t)$	1498
30.4.4. Functional Equation $f(t) + g(x) + h(x)Q(z) + R(z) = 0$, with $z = \varphi(x) + \psi(t)$	1498
30.4.5. Functional Equation $f(t) + g(x)Q(z) + h(x)R(z) = 0$, with $z = \varphi(x) + \psi(t)$	1500
30.4.6. Equation $f_1(x) + f_2(y) + g_1(x)P(z) + g_2(y)Q(z) + R(z) = 0$, $z = \varphi(x) + \psi(y)$	1501
31. Direct Method of Symmetry Reductions of Nonlinear Equations	1503
31.1. Clarkson–Kruskal Direct Method	1503
31.1.1. Simplified Scheme. Examples of Constructing Exact Solutions	1503
31.1.2. Description of the Method: A Special Form for Symmetry Reduction	1505
31.1.3. Description of the Method: the General Form for Symmetry Reduction	1506
31.2. Some Modifications and Generalizations	1507
31.2.1. Symmetry Reductions Based on the Generalized Separation of Variables	1507
31.2.2. Similarity Reductions in Equations with Three or More Independent Variables	1510
32. Classical Method of Symmetry Reductions	1513
32.1. One-Parameter Transformations and Their Local Properties	1513
32.1.1. One-Parameter Transformations. Infinitesimal Operator	1513
32.1.2. Invariant of an Infinitesimal Operator. Transformations in the Plane ..	1514
32.1.3. Formulas for Derivatives. Coordinates of the First and Second Prolongations	1515
32.2. Symmetries of Nonlinear Second-Order Equations. Invariance Condition ...	1516
32.2.1. Invariance Condition. Splitting in Derivatives	1516
32.2.2. Examples of Finding Symmetries of Nonlinear Equations	1516
32.3. Using Symmetries of Equations for Finding Exact Solutions. Invariant Solutions	1520
32.3.1. Using Symmetries of Equations for Constructing One-Parameter Solutions	1520
32.3.2. Procedure for Constructing Invariant Solutions	1520
32.3.3. Examples of Constructing Invariant Solutions to Nonlinear Equations	1522
32.3.4. Solutions Induced by Linear Combinations of Admissible Operators .	1524
32.4. Some Generalizations. Higher-Order Equations	1526
32.4.1. One-Parameter Lie Groups of Point Transformations. Group Generator	1526
32.4.2. Group Invariants. Local Transformations of Derivatives	1526
32.4.3. Invariant Condition. Splitting Procedure. Invariant Solutions	1527
32.5. Symmetries of Systems of Equations of Mathematical Physics	1527
32.5.1. Basic Relations Used in Symmetry Analysis of Systems of Equations	1527
32.5.2. Symmetries of Equations of Steady Hydrodynamic Boundary Layer .	1528

33. Nonclassical Method of Symmetry Reductions	1533
33.1. General Description of the Method	1533
33.1.1. Description of the Method. Invariant Surface Condition	1533
33.1.2. Scheme for Constructing Exact Solutions by the Nonclassical Method	1533
33.2. Examples of Constructing Exact Solutions	1534
33.2.1. Newell–Whitehead Equation	1534
33.2.2. Nonlinear Wave Equation	1536
34. Method of Differential Constraints	1539
34.1. Preliminary Remarks. Method of Differential Constraints for Ordinary Differential Equations	1539
34.1.1. Description of the Method. First-Order Differential Constraints	1539
34.1.2. Differential Constraints of Arbitrary Order. General Consistency Method for Two Equations	1542
34.1.3. Some Generalizations. The Case of Several Differential Constraints	1543
34.2. Description of the Method for Partial Differential Equations	1545
34.2.1. Preliminary Remarks. A Simple Example	1545
34.2.2. General Description of the Method of Differential Constraints	1546
34.3. First-Order Differential Constraints for PDEs	1547
34.3.1. Second-Order Evolution Equations	1547
34.3.2. Second-Order Hyperbolic Equations	1551
34.3.3. Second-Order Equations of General Form	1553
34.4. Second-Order Differential Constraints for PDEs. Some Generalized	1553
34.4.1. Second-Order Differential Constraints	1553
34.4.2. Higher-Order Differential Constraints. Determining Equations	1555
34.4.3. Usage of Several Differential Constraints. Systems of Nonlinear Equations	1557
34.5. Connection Between the Method of Differential Constraints and Other Methods	1561
34.5.1. Generalized/Functional Separation of Variables vs. Differential Constraints	1561
34.5.2. Direct Method of Symmetry Reductions and Differential Constraints	1562
34.5.3. Nonclassical Method of Symmetry Reductions and Differential Constraints	1562
35. Painlevé Test for Nonlinear Equations of Mathematical Physics	1565
35.1. Movable Singularities of Solutions of Ordinary Differential Equations	1565
35.1.1. Examples of Solutions Having Movable Singularities	1565
35.1.2. Classification Results for Nonlinear First- and Second-Order Equations	1565
35.1.3. Painlevé Equations	1566
35.1.4. Painlevé Test for Ordinary Differential Equations	1566
35.1.5. Remarks on the Painlevé Test. Fuchs Indices. Examples	1567
35.1.6. The Painlevé Test for Systems of Ordinary Differential Equations	1569
35.2. Solutions of Partial Differential Equations with a Movable Pole. Method Description	1569
35.2.1. Simple Scheme for Studying Nonlinear Partial Differential Equations	1570
35.2.2. General Scheme for Analysis of Nonlinear Partial Differential Equations	1570
35.2.3. Basic Steps of the Painlevé Test for Nonlinear Equations	1570
35.2.4. Some Remarks. Truncated Expansions	1571

35.3. Performing the Painlevé Test and Truncated Expansions for Studying Some Nonlinear Equations	1572
35.3.1. Equations Passing the Painlevé Test	1572
35.3.2. Checking Whether Nonlinear Systems of Equations of Mathematical Physics Pass the Painlevé Test	1576
35.3.3. Construction of Solutions of Nonlinear Equations That Fail the Painlevé Test, Using Truncated Expansions	1577
36. Methods of the Inverse Scattering Problem (Soliton Theory)	1579
36.1. Method Based on Using Lax Pairs	1579
36.1.1. Method Description. Consistency Condition. Lax Pairs	1579
36.1.2. Examples of Lax Pairs for Nonlinear Equations of Mathematical Physics	1580
36.2. Method Based on a Compatibility Condition for Systems of Linear Equations	1581
36.2.1. General Scheme. Compatibility Condition. Systems of Two Equations	1581
36.2.2. Solution of the Determining Equations in the Form of Polynomials in λ	1582
36.3. Method Based on Linear Integral Equations	1584
36.3.1. Description of the Method	1584
36.3.2. Specific Examples	1585
36.4. Solution of the Cauchy Problem by the Inverse Scattering Problem Method ..	1587
36.4.1. Preliminary Remarks. Direct and Inverse Scattering Problems	1587
36.4.2. Solution of the Cauchy Problem for Nonlinear Equations by the Inverse Scattering Problem Method	1589
36.4.3. N -Soliton Solution of the Korteweg–de Vries Equation	1591
37. Conservation Laws	1593
37.1. Basic Definitions and Examples	1593
37.1.1. General Form of Conservation Laws. Integrals of Motion	1593
37.1.2. Conservation Laws for Some Nonlinear Equations of Mathematical Physics	1593
37.2. Equations Admitting Variational Form. Noetherian Symmetries	1595
37.2.1. Lagrangian. Euler–Lagrange Equation. Noetherian Symmetries	1595
37.2.2. Examples of Constructing Conservation Laws Using Noetherian Symmetries	1596
38. Nonlinear Systems of Partial Differential Equations	1599
38.1. Overdetermined Systems of Two Equations	1599
38.1.1. Overdetermined Systems of First-Order Equations in One Unknown ..	1599
38.1.2. Other Overdetermined Systems of Equations in One Unknown	1600
38.2. Pfaffian Equations and Their Solutions. Connection with Overdetermined Systems	1600
38.2.1. Pfaffian Equations	1600
38.2.2. Condition for Integrability of the Pfaffian Equation by a Single Relation	1601
38.2.3. Pfaffian Equations Not Satisfying the Integrability Condition	1602
38.3. Systems of First-Order Equations Describing Convective Mass Transfer with Volume Reaction	1602
38.3.1. Traveling-Wave Solutions and Some Other Invariant Solutions	1602
38.3.2. Systems Reducible to an Ordinary Differential Equation	1603
38.3.3. Some Nonlinear Problems of Suspension Transport in Porous Media ..	1604
38.3.4. Some Generalizations	1606

38.4. First-Order Hyperbolic Systems of Quasilinear Equations. Systems of Conservation Laws of Gas Dynamic Type	1607
38.4.1. Systems of Two Quasilinear Equations. Systems in the Form of Conservation Laws	1607
38.4.2. Self-Similar Continuous Solutions. Hyperbolic Systems	1607
38.4.3. Simple Riemann Waves	1609
38.4.4. Linearization of Systems of Gas Dynamic Type by the Hodograph Transformation	1610
38.4.5. Cauchy and Riemann Problems. Qualitative Features of Solutions ...	1611
38.4.6. Reduction of Systems to the Canonical Form. Riemann Invariants ...	1611
38.4.7. Hyperbolic $n \times n$ Systems of Conservation Laws. Exact Solutions ...	1614
38.4.8. Shock Waves. Rankine–Hugoniot Jump Conditions	1615
38.4.9. Shock Waves. Evolutionary Conditions. Lax Condition	1616
38.4.10. Solutions for the Riemann Problem. Solutions Describing Shock Waves	1618
38.5. Systems of Second-Order Equations of Reaction-Diffusion Type	1620
38.5.1. Traveling-Wave Solutions and Some Other Invariant Solutions	1620
38.5.2. Generalized Separable Solutions	1620
Part III. Symbolic and Numerical Solutions of Nonlinear PDEs with Maple, Mathematica, and MATLAB	1623
39. Nonlinear Partial Differential Equations with Maple	1625
39.1. Introduction	1625
39.2. Brief Introduction to Maple	1625
39.2.1. Maple Language	1627
39.3. Analytical Solutions and Their Visualizations	1629
39.3.1. Constructing Analytical Solutions in Terms of Predefined Functions .	1629
39.3.2. Constructing Solutions via Transformations	1635
39.3.3. Constructing Traveling-Wave Solutions	1637
39.3.4. Ansatz Methods (Tanh-Coth Method, Sine-Cosine Method, and Exp-Function Method) for Constructing Traveling-Wave Solutions ...	1641
39.3.5. Constructing Self-Similar Solutions	1645
39.3.6. Constructing Solutions along Characteristics	1647
39.3.7. Constructing Separable Solutions	1651
39.4. Analytical Solutions of Nonlinear Systems	1659
39.4.1. Constructing Traveling-Wave Solutions	1659
39.4.2. Constructing Generalized Separable Solutions	1661
39.5. Constructing Exact Solutions Using Symbolic Computation. What Can Go Wrong?	1662
39.5.1. Constructing New Exact Solutions	1662
39.5.2. Removing Redundant Exact Solutions	1665
39.6. Some Errors That People Commonly Do When Constructing Exact Solutions with the Use of Symbolic Computations	1668
39.6.1. General Description of the Problem	1668
39.6.2. Examples in Which “New Solutions” Are Obtained	1669
39.7. Numerical Solutions and Their Visualizations	1672
39.7.1. Constructing Numerical Solutions in Terms of Predefined Functions .	1672
39.7.2. Constructing Finite Difference Approximations	1677

39.8. Analytical-Numerical Solutions	1680
39.8.1. Analytical Derivation of Numerical Methods	1680
39.8.2. Constructing Numerical Solutions	1683
39.8.3. Comparison of Asymptotic and Numerical Solutions	1684
40. Nonlinear Partial Differential Equations with Mathematica	1687
40.1. Introduction	1687
40.2. Brief Introduction to Mathematica	1687
40.2.1. Mathematica Language	1689
40.3. Analytical Solutions and Their Visualizations	1691
40.3.1. Constructing Solutions Using Predefined Functions	1692
40.3.2. Constructing Solutions via Transformations	1694
40.3.3. Constructing Traveling-Wave Solutions	1697
40.3.4. Ansatz Methods (Tanh-Coth Method, Sine-Cosine Method, and Exp-Function Method) for Constructing Traveling-Wave Solutions ...	1700
40.3.5. Constructing Self-Similar Solutions	1705
40.3.6. Constructing Solutions Along Characteristics	1706
40.3.7. Constructing Separable Solutions	1710
40.4. Analytical Solutions of Nonlinear Systems	1719
40.4.1. Constructing Traveling-Wave Solutions	1719
40.4.2. Constructing Generalized Separable Solutions	1721
40.5. Numerical Solutions and Their Visualizations	1722
40.5.1. Constructing Numerical Solutions in Terms of Predefined Functions .	1722
40.5.2. Constructing Finite-Difference Approximations	1725
40.6. Analytical-Numerical Solutions	1728
40.6.1. Analytical Derivation of Numerical Methods	1729
40.6.2. Constructing Numerical Solutions	1731
40.6.3. Comparison of Asymptotic and Numerical Solutions	1733
41. Nonlinear Partial Differential Equations with MATLAB	1735
41.1. Introduction	1735
41.2. Brief Introduction to MATLAB	1735
41.2.1. MATLAB Language	1738
41.3. Numerical Solutions Via Predefined Functions	1741
41.3.1. Scalar Nonlinear PDEs in One Space Dimension	1742
41.3.2. Systems of Nonlinear PDEs in One Space Dimension	1745
41.3.3. Nonlinear Elliptic PDEs in Two Space Dimensions	1748
41.3.4. Systems of Nonlinear Elliptic PDEs in Two Space Dimensions	1752
41.3.5. Nonlinear Elliptic PDEs. Geometrical Models	1754
41.4. Solving Cauchy Problems. Method of Characteristics	1756
41.5. Constructing Finite-Difference Approximations	1760
Supplements. Painlevé Transcendents. Functional Equations	1767
42. Painlevé Transcendents	1769
42.1. Preliminary Remarks. Singular Points of Solutions	1769
42.2. First Painlevé Transcendent	1770
42.3. Second Painlevé Transcendent	1771
42.4. Third Painlevé Transcendent	1772

42.5. Fourth Painlevé Transcendent	1775
42.6. Fifth Painlevé Transcendent	1776
42.7. Sixth Painlevé Transcendent	1777
42.8. Examples of Solutions to Nonlinear Equations in Terms of Painlevé Transcendents	1778
43. Functional Equations	1783
43.1. Method of Differentiation in a Parameter	1783
43.1.1. Classes of Equations. Description of the Method	1783
43.1.2. Examples of Solutions of Some Specific Functional Equations	1784
43.2. Method of Differentiation in Independent Variables	1785
43.2.1. Preliminary Remarks	1785
43.2.2. Examples of Solutions of Some Specific Functional Equations	1785
43.3. Method of Argument Elimination by Test Functions	1786
43.3.1. Classes of Equations. Description of the Method	1786
43.3.2. Examples of Solutions of Specific Functional Equations	1787
43.4. Nonlinear Functional Equations Reducible to Bilinear Equations	1789
43.4.1. Bilinear Functional Equations	1789
43.4.2. Functional-Differential Equations Reducible to a Bilinear Equation ..	1790
43.4.3. Nonlinear Functional Equations Containing the Complex Argument ..	1790
Bibliography	1795
Index	1841